

LOUISVILLE TIMES.

LOUISVILLE: JOHN O. BULLOCK & JOHN C. NOBLE, EDITORS

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS

FOR PRESIDENT,
JAMES BUCHANAN,
OF PENNSYLVANIA.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
JOHN C. BRECKINRIDGE,
OF KENTUCKY!

Electoral Ticket:

For the State of New York. ELIJAH HISE,
and CO. JOHN W. STEVENSON.
First District—COL. R. D. BREWER.
Second District—JOHN P. LINDSLEY.
Third District—J. M. FINN.
Fourth District—TIMELOR CRAVENS.
Fifth District—BERIAH MAGOFFIN.
Sixth District—B. F. RICE.
Seventh District—W. M. DEED.
Eighth District—R. W. WOOLLEY.
Ninth District—R. H. STANTON.
Tenth District—HIRAM KELSEY.

SATURDAY.....AUGUST 2, 1856

The election in this city on Monday next will doubtless be a peaceful one. There is no regular ticket against the Know Nothing party, and no organized or vigorous opposition to them will be made—therefore all will be peaceful. The gentlemen who are announced as "independent" candidates, have not been put in nomination by any party, nor by any party machinery. They are we believe, Old-Line Whigs, and have been put in nomination by their personal friends. Two of them, W. W. Fry, and Thos. S. Bohannon, have never joined the Know Nothing party, but we believe voted a part of the Know Nothing ticket in August last. Mr. Bohannon, we understand, has declared himself in favor of Buchanan and Breckinridge, while Mr. Fry is in favor of Mr. Fillmore.

Jordan Clarke and Cornelius Brewster have both been members of the Know Nothing party, though at this time they are not. Mr. Brewster was once elected watchman for their nominee. Mr. Clarke was a candidate for nomination for his office before the council, but was defeated by Mr. Berney.

Mr. W. C. Kidd, the present Marshal of the City, is also announced for re-election as an "independent" candidate. He was elected by the Know Nothings to this office, and was a candidate for re-nomination before the Council, but was defeated by Larry White. He is a candidate in opposition to the nomination, and is, we learn, yet a member of the order.

What sort of vote this independent ticket will receive next Monday, we have no sufficient means of telling. Some of them it is believed will receive a strong vote, as they have many warm and active friends. It is our sincere conviction, that if the Democratic party would give them a united and zealous support, they could be elected by a thousand majority, as we believe the Democratic party has a majority in the city of fully 1000. But from all we have been able to learn, a large number of the Democrats do not intend to vote—being fully convinced, if the polls at dinner should show a majority in favor of the independent ticket, that violence and rioting would ensue, resulting probably in house-burning and murder. We do not anticipate, therefore, that a large vote will be polled in the city. The Know Nothings cannot poll more than two thousand votes while the mass of the Democrats will not vote at all.

This is the state of things in this city. In the county it is different, and Mr. Fry and Mr. Boaner will probably carry the county. Again, we believe the election will be peaceful—if the many of the Democrats do not vote. Every indication is that the officers of the city intend to keep the peace. The following notice by the Chief of Police looks in earnest:

NOTICE.

In accordance with the directions of the Mayor, I have made such disposition of the police under my control as will secure peace and personal security at each of the voting places in the city at the ensuing election. It is earnestly hoped that all good citizens will furnish such aid as may be necessary to preserve the peace.

JAMES KIRKPATRICK,
Chief of Police.

Mayer Barber has also issued his proclamation that he intends to preserve peace. We were anxious the other day at hearing it stated that the Journal had convinced Barber that the "Anti-Americans" contemplate a riot and are trying to get up one. He is immediately determined that they should be kept in subjection, and issued the following proclamation for their especial benefit. We hope they will give it solemn attention, and behave themselves accordingly:

MAYER'S NOTICE.

Louisville, Ky., July 1856

To the Citizens of Louisville:

An event in the minds of many good citizens that the approaching elections in August and November may be the occasions of riots or disorderly conduct in the city, growing out of an excited state of party feeling, I have thought, in the discharge of my duties as Mayor, to issue special instructions to the Chief of the Police to prevent such occurrences.

I call upon all good citizens to aid the officers in the discharge of their duties, and to give countenance and support to them in their efforts to preserve the peace and quiet of the city; and it is enjoined upon all parents and guardians to keep their children from the polls or places of voting. If any man should be found guilty of attempting to stir up a riot, he will be severely punished. If any man, whether or not in their assembly in numbers around the polls should have a tendency to obstruct voters in the exercise of their right of suffrage, they will be arrested and imprisoned.

The peace of the city must be preserved; law and order must prevail. To secure this provision has been made, and force will be resorted to if milder means fail.

JOHN RABREE, Mayor.

We have no advice to offer to Democrats, or to any of the opponents of Know Nothingness. Every one must judge for himself as to the propriety or expediency of voting.

We hope the Democracy in the Bardstown Judicial District will do their duty on Monday next, and give an undivided and unanimous vote for Kavanaugh and Barnett, the nominees of the Springfield Convention.

A few days since the Louisville Journal called on the Know-Nothing party to give their seals of approval to their nominees for Judges and other offices. Doubtless, if he were called upon, he would advise them to vote for Hardin and Wickliffe. These gentlemen, although not members of the Know-Nothing party, are yet pursuing the course best calculated to promote the interests of that party and to injure the Democratic party. If their example had been followed throughout the State, the Democratic party would have been utterly prostrated in August, and the way would have been paved for its shameful defeat and overthrow in November. They do not deserve the vote of any true-hearted Democrat, and we sincerely hope that they will receive the stern rebuke of the party. Kavanaugh and Barnett are good and true men, and deserve the vote of every Democrat.

Pilcher and Capt. Heady spoke at Shepherdsville a few days since. Pilcher left off in silent abuse of the Catholics. Heady in reply told how Pilcher tried to get the office of Postmaster of Louisville—how he tried to get Bishop Spaulding to recommend him to the Postmaster-General, who is a Catholic—how the Bishop firmly declined to interfere in political matters—and how Pilcher is in tune with Know-Nothing. Before the Captain had finished this revelation, Pilcher commenced a retreat from the ground, followed by the indignant hisses and hootings of the audience. Truly, "the way of the transgressor is hard."

We are indebted to Hon. R. C. Burnett for public documents.

FILLMORE FOR THE RESTORATION OF THE MISSOURI RESTRICTION.

Every day's development confirms the conclusion, that "the basis of union with Fillmore's Northern and Southern supporters, is an agreement to re-enact the Missouri restriction. They dare not avow the purpose in the South, yet they contribute to its accomplishment by an insidious but effective co-operation. The first thing to be done is, to provoke popular indignation against the Kansas-Nebraska act, by criticising its less important provisions. From the position the transition is easy to an open and vigorous denunciation of the repeal of the Missouri restriction. Having persuaded the people that this measure involves a breach of good faith, that it is the cause of all the calamities which afflict the country, and that its authors were impelled only by motives of personal aggrandizement, there will be no sort of difficulty in procuring its repeal. The restoration of the Missouri restriction will necessarily result from a universal conviction of the criminality and impropriety of its repeal.

Now, although Fillmore's supporters in the South do not openly avow a purpose to re-enact the Missouri restriction, yet they are doing their utmost to excite the popular indignation against it. So that in fact, they are of one mind and aim with their Northern confederates, and, to all intents and purposes, are the allies of the Black Republicans. If they do not plunge the knife into the victim, they perform the scarcely less murderous office of prostrating him and setting the assassin upon him.

The Washington Organ publishes the substance of a speech of Mr. Dunn, of Indiana, which clearly shows that Fillmore's Northern supporters contemplate the re-enactment of the Missouri restriction, and that they consider their candidate pledged to the same measure. Mr. Dunn is so intent upon the restoration of the Missouri restriction until it is established; and Mr. Dunn is Fillmore's principal champion in the North West. This is what Mr. Dunn has to say of Fillmore and the Missouri restriction: (observe, he regards a pledge to restore the Missouri restriction, as the only promise of peace in the administration of the government.)

(From the American Organ.)

Mr. DUNN DEFINES HIS POSITION.—On yesterday Mr. Dunn, of Indiana, remarked that he came into Congress with very high expectations that the Missouri Compromise would be restored, and he exceedingly regretted that they had given up this aim and smaller ones that were more dignified.

He was now surprised that there would be no effort made to effect its restoration. He believed that there would be no peace in the country until it should be restored, either in substance or in fact.

The prohibition of slavery within the Territories of Kansas and Nebraska was a thing of mere form, and in spirit of moment or tress, but as a sober truth. Alluding to Kansas, he declared that until question was settled the appropriation bill should never pass through his vote. He would never give a dollar for any purpose until the great question of individual rights connected with Kansas affairs was settled. (Order of the Day, 2d session.) This was the only way in which to insure compliance—stop the wheels of Government.

In the course of his remarks he stated that he did not intend to support Mr. Buchanan. He could feel as great a difficulty in going for Col. Fremont. In his opinion, the only man who could give any promise of peace in the administration of the Government, was he who bailed out New York and it is there, and not he who bailed them and sailed from California.

The N.Y. Tribune on Buchanan's Prospects in Pennsylvania.

It is evident that the Black Republicans have not the least hope or expectation of carrying Pennsylvania against Mr. Buchanan. They can hardly make a fight against him, whatever Abolition partisans may say in other States about Pennsylvania for effect. Their brethren, as the rest of the nation, are in the minority, and are a thousand to one in favor of the Democratic party. As we take the case of the South, we see that the first of the Southern States to wheel into the American Union, and to become a part of the Republic, was the old man's reply. It is hard to make Democrat out of a man that don't believe in working for a living.—*Nashville Union.*

The Courier of yesterday says:

"We understand that a portion of the last bonds issued by the city of Louisville to the Company, which were attached in New York by plain title in a suit,"

The Courier further says in reference to this road:

"More than one month ago Messrs. Justin & E. W. Dwyer, of New York, had been engaged and prepared for track laying at the New Haven. But, a few days later, I got into my buggy and rode around through the country—I stopped at the houses, and talked to the people in their fields where the road was at, and to my great satisfaction found a man ready to do it for me now. I have come to the conclusion that, as a general thing, the people who attend watering places and do nothing, are Know Nothings. And that those who stay at home and make their honest living by hard work, are Democrats."

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W. S. SWYNNERTON,
General Newspaper Advertising Agent, corner of Main and Market Streets, St. Louis, Mo., is the Agent for the Times.

A. D. JACKSON,

SUCCESSOR TO T. T. CRITTENDEN & CO.,
The daily newspaper for the Louisville Times, Newspaper Advertising agents, Intelligence, Real Estate and General News.

No. 101—Premises st. bet. Fourth
and Fifth, Cincinnati, O.

INDEPENDENT TICKET.

FOR CHANCELLOR.

WILLIAM W. FRY.

FOR CLERK OF THE CHANCERY COURT.

CHAS. J. CLARKE.

FOR MARSHAL OF THE CHANCERY COURT.

DR. T. BOHANNON.

FOR MARSHAL OF THE CITY COURT.

COR. BREWSTER.

SATURDAY.....AUGUST 2, 1856.

Mr. T. Webster, of Independence, Ky., one of the Delegates to the Louisville Convention of Old-Line Whigs, has written a letter declaring his favor of Buchanan and Breckinridge.

Sixth Ward—Attention!

The Democrats of the 6th Ward will meet at Democratic Hall, on 6th Street, this evening at 6 o'clock, for the purpose of organizing a Sixth Ward Club. All are invited to attend.

WM. C. PRICE,

E. S. STOKES, Committee.

Water-melons are becoming abundant in our market, but they are small and sell at high prices.

At Bryantsville Council, Garrard county, a few days since, sixty gentlemen withdrew, and declared their intention to vote in future as they please.

Richmond is infested with thieves and robbers. On Monday night last a man entered the house of Mr. Jack King, and robbed him of what money he had in his pocket-book.

Two days since a lady slipped on a water-melon rind at the corner of Third and Market streets, and broke the cap of her knee.

Bob Letcher in his speech at the Maylack Barber asked, "Who is John C. Breckinridge?" An old Democrat in the crowd suggested that he was the "struggling Democrat who beat Letcher for Congress in the strongest whig district in the state." That's who he is Bob!

We direct attention to the advertisement of Mr. W. H. Walker, offering his well known establishment for sale.

The Knowledge of this city are to have a grand torchlight procession to-night. What is the purpose of it we do not know. They will do a large amount of gassing and whisky.

The New Albany Ledger says that the Fremont party in that State won't be, after all, their bragging.

Much damage was done to the tenements in the lower part of Cincinnati by the severe storm on Wednesday; most of the lower stories were flooded.

Fifty-two women are in the jail of Cincinnati at the present time.

Candidates are sometimes lucky. Jas. G. Foley, of Cincinnati, has sent a barrel of Bourke whisky, each to Buechans and Brooking.

At the Black Republican Convention at Dayton, Ohio, on Wednesday last, as the procession was passing the Phillips House, the crowd inside rushed upon the balcony, which gave way, precipitating about 100 persons to the pavement a fall of about 15 feet. One man was killed instantly, and about 30 to 40 wounded—some of them badly.

Yesterday was again warm, the thermometer at mid-day standing at 91 in the shade. About 2 o'clock it clouded up and gave hopes of rain, but no rain fell.

Our neighbor opposite our office, Mr. Wilkes, has a number of little birds, which he calls Java Sparrows, which have been attracting a great deal of attention for several days past. They are very beautiful.

The two men who are now the best abased and blackguardized in the Black Republican and Know-Nothing press, for their political course, are J. Scott Harrison, the son of the "hero of Tippecanoe," and James E. Clay, the son of the Sage of Ashland.

There was a large meeting at the Democratic Club room last night to hear Philip Tompsett, and amongst them was a large number of Germans. Mr. Tompsett made an eloquent and most interesting speech, which elicited the enthusiastic applause of hearers.

Capt. Henry Turner, one of the oldest and best known citizens of Floyd county, Indiana, at his residence near New Albany, on Wednesday evening.

The Cincinnati Commercial says:

"We understand that a shooting match, being a couple of noted shots, said to represent the East and West, is on the tapis and will come off in the vicinity of this city."

The market for breadstuffs improved in New York, under the influence of the foreign news from the Arabia; flour to the extent of 50c per bushel and wheat to 25c per bushel, with a good export demand, partly for France. Sugar and Coffee are in good demand in that market; at full prices. The speculative demand for sugar continues. Linseed Oil under the influence of the Arabia's news, advanced 3 to 4c per gallon.—An advance of £2 per ton in London is reported by the Arabia.

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Elections take place on Monday, August 4th, in Kentucky, Alabama, Texas, Missouri, Arkansas, and Iowa, and in North Carolina and Tennessee, August 1st.

The following marriages and deaths are from our California exchanges:

Married—At Maryville, June 19, George W. Bloor, associate of the California Express, formerly of Maryville, Ky., to Miss Victoria A. Stockton.

At Oakland, on the 25th inst., at the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev. Samuel B. Bell, Thos. Nelson Ward, Esq.; formerly of Kentucky, to Miss Mary Elizabeth Mattingly, of Oakland.

Died—At the Sacramento County Hospital, June 7, of bronchial consumption, Mr. John Farow, aged 30 years, a native of Kentucky formerly of Missouri.

New Albany are Sales Railroad.—We ask attention to the advertisement of the New Albany and Sales Railroad in to-day's Times. This is a most pleasant route to travel, and good time is made all the way through. It runs directly through Chicago, Gosport, New Castle, Crawfordville, Lafayette, and Michigan—making direct connection at Chicago, with all the trains for the West and Northwest. Persons wishing to take this route, will find the office on Main street, opposite the Galt House. Mr. Samuels Hall, the agent is a clever and courteous gentle-

man—Nothing in the North.—We take the following paragraph from the Troy Times.

The Know-Nothing lodge at Clifton Park, Saratoga county, at their last meeting, acted on a resolution offered by one of the members ratifying the nomination of Fillmore and Donelson. The resolution was defeated by the strong vote of one for and eighty-four against! A resolution was then carried by a vote of 84 to 1, pledging the members to vote for Fremont.

CITY COURT.

FRIDAY, August 1.
Patrick J. Matthews, drunk. Discharged.
Chas. Williams, drunk and disorderly. Discharged.

Michael McDermott, stealing \$140 in money from Mrs. Botto. The Judge said he could do nothing with the boy. If he sent him to the workshop he would be ruined forever. The Council had been appealed to repeatedly to erect a house of refuge but without success. Discharged.

John Harrington, stealing about \$200 from Durbin, on the steamer Emma Dean. Bail of Harrington, in \$1000 to appear. Committed.

City vs Frank McHarry and Peter Noll, ordinane warrants. The parties have drays and wagons which they use for their own business. The court took the case under advisement.

James Collier, Jr., has been lying about the wharf for several days. Bail in \$100 for one month. Workhouse.

Samuel Heiman, master of John Stammer, and stabbing Barnes. Several witnesses were examined, and the case was then continued.

Wm. Ragan, charged with obtaining \$2 under false pretences. Case continued.

A PREPARED BREATH—Not lady or gentleman would remain under the curse of a disagreeable breath, when by using the "Balm of a Thousand Flowers" as a dentifrice would not only render it sweet but leave the teeth white as alabaster? Many persons do not know their breath is bad, and the subject is so delicate that their friends will never mention it. Pour a single drop of the "Balm" on your tooth-brush and wash the teeth night and morning. A fifty cent bottle will last a year.

A BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION may easily be acquired by using the "Balm of a Thousand Flowers." It will remove pimples and freckles from the skin, leaving it of a soft and roseate hue. Wet a towel, pour on two or three drops of "Balm of a Thousand Flowers," rub the bared well and it will make a beautiful soft and lather much facilitating the operation of shaving. Price only Fifty Cents. Feridje & Co., Proprietors.

For sale by J. Morris & Sons, R. A. Robinson & Co., Bell, Talbot & Co., Louisville, Ky.; Scribner & Devol, New Albany, and all Drug apothecaries &c & wly.

J. Miller & Tabb, Dealers in Fancy and Staple Dry Goods, corner Fourth and Market streets, preparatory to receiving their Fall and Winter stock, are offering good bargains in the following goods, Lace and Silk Mantles, Organdy Muslin, Barges, Printed Jaquots, Parasols, Embroidered Muslin, Baguettes, Basques, Lamps, Rich Linen Silks, &c. &c. The attention of persons, especially ladies visiting our city, is invited to their stocks, which, in point of variety and elegance is unequalled by that of any other house in the West.

Persons desiring cheap and desirable goods will find it to their interest to examine their stock before making their purchases elsewhere.

ad-u-f

STEALING A BABY—Somebody's trying to steal som.-body's baby; twit the following:

Mr. Hawkins of this city has discovered a process by which he is enabled to produce pictures on children's natural colors.—Cincinnati Gazette, April 10th, '56.

John C. Miller, of Ohio, has applied for a patent for his newly discovered process of producing pictures on Glass in all their natural colors.—Cincinnati Art Journal, May 16, '56.

Promulgating a treatise on Natural Colors, embracing a full, plain and unreserved description of the process known as the Heliotype, including the author's newly discovered Collotype, or Natural Colors.

Hill's Circular, July 1, 1856.

"All the improvements in the Photographic Art, the one made by **** recently, is the greatest—that of producing Natural Colors on Glass Pictures. **** who is a prodigy in his profession, has brought the art of picture-making to perfection!"—Loy. Times, July 6, '56.

We would say that the above appears like a desperate effort to propagate a false impression as to the parentage of the Baby. We anxiously await the issue, hoping the offspring may realize the expectations of its four fathers. We add the following:

CLEVELAND, June 20, 1856.

MESSRS. WEBSTER & CO.—I have examined the new style of pictures purporting to be taken in Natural Colors, and I don't think they will do. The color is dasper on the back of the impression and only shows in the shadows.

They do not compete with the Sphero-type.

Yours truly,

J. A. SHELDEN.

Mr. S. A. Wever has turned his attention for years to such diseases as Cancer, Erysipelas, &c. and has learned to treat them successfully. His patients have been greatly benefited by those remedies he has devised for them.

He has also invented a new process for extracting the properties of plants.

His treatment is now in full use in the city of Cincinnati, and has been adopted by many physicians.

He is a man of great personal interest.

